Know Stroke

Assessment & Treatment

Disrupt stroke with immediate treatment

Although stroke is an attack on the brain, it can affect the entire body — causing everything from severe speech problems to paralysis. The effects of stroke range from mild to severe.

The types and degrees of disability depend on which area of the brain is damaged, and can include:

- Paralysis or motion control problems
- Changes in vision, hearing, and other senses
- Difficulty speaking or understanding language
- Trouble remembering and thinking

Stroke Treatment Can't Wait



2 million brain cells die every minute during stroke, increasing the risk of permanent brain damage, disability, or death.

Getting to a hospital quickly saves lives and increases the chances of successful recovery.

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National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke

The NIH Stroke Scale

The NIH Stroke Scale helps doctors assess the severity of a stroke. Healthcare providers use the Stroke Scale to measure neurological function and deficits by asking the person to answer questions and perform several physical and mental tests.

How is a stroke treated?

Ischemic stroke, the most common type, can be treated with the medication t-PA, which dissolves blood blots obstructing blood flow to the brain. The window of opportunity to start treatment is four and a half hours, but patients need to get to the hospital quickly to be evaluated and receive treatment.



A five-year study by NINDS found that some stroke patients who received t-PA within three hours of the start of stroke symptoms were at least 30 percent more likely to recover with little or no disability after three months.





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